The World Federalist Movement/Institute for Global Policy (WFM/IGP) (WFM) has five concrete programs for advancing practical and realistic governance mechanisms that address critical issues for humanity, and which pave the way for a more comprehensive world federation in the future.

The organization remains well positioned to deliver impact on these projects, given its demonstrated experience in producing successful campaigns with measurable impact, as well as mobilizing global interest around policy issues.

Our current projects are briefly discussed in this document, and further details can be provided upon request.

To learn more about WFM/IGP and our programs, visit our website, or contact Alyn Ware, Program Director at ware@wfm-igp.org and Amy Oloo, Executive Director at oloo@wfm-igp.org.
Through its peace and international security projects, WFM-IGP works to advance international law and common security approaches to prevent war, resolve conflicts and build fair, inclusive and sustainable peace. Current WFM/IGP peace and international security projects include:

**Abolish War through Common Security and the Law**
This project focuses on implementing the United Nations prohibition on war (Article 2 of the UN Charter) by advancing the use of common security mechanisms to resolve international conflicts and achieve sustainable peace. Such mechanisms, outlined in the UN Charter, include negotiation, mediation, arbitration, adjudication and use of regional bodies. The project includes a campaign to achieve universal jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice by 2045.

**Gender, Peace and Security**
WFM is committed to gender inclusion and equity in its organizational structure and activities across all programs. In addition, WFM has a joint Gender, Peace and Security program with Parliamentarians for Nuclear Non-proliferation and Disarmament (PNND), World Future Council and Youth Fusion. This includes a program of activities to implement UN General Assembly Resolution 73/46 on Women, disarmament, non-proliferation and arms control with a focus on the abolition of nuclear weapons, and activities focused more broadly on UN Security Council Resolutions 1325 and 2493 on Women, peace and security. Examples of program activities include engagement with parliamentarians and governments on peace, nuclear disarmament and feminist foreign policy, as well as annual commemorative events we organise on May 24, i.e. Women’s International Day for Peace and Disarmament.

**United Nations Emergency Peace Service (UNEPS)**
UNEPS is a project that seeks to establish a standing unit of approximately 13,000 trained personnel to serve immediately as required by the UN in crisis situations. The unit would be gender-equitable, multidimensional (civilians, police and military) and multifunctional (for humanitarian, health, environmental and security crises).
SUSTAINABLE SECURITY WITHOUT NUCLEAR WEAPONS

WFM/IGP works to prevent nuclear war and achieve a sustainable and secure nuclear-weapon-free world by: advancing common security alternatives to the current reliance on nuclear deterrence, promoting UN initiatives for multilateral nuclear disarmament, campaigning for nuclear weapons divestment and budget cuts, as well as shifting these to support peace and sustainable development. Related projects include:

1. Coalition 3+3
   WFM has established a coalition of experts and policymakers to advance a North-East Asian Nuclear-Weapon-Free Zone as a common security framework to lower the risk of nuclear war and achieve regional nuclear disarmament. The 3+3 model would include commitments by Japan, South Korea and North Korea to relinquish nuclear weapons and nuclear deterrence policies in return for legally binding assurances from China, Russia and the USA not to threaten or use nuclear weapons against them.

   Image: South Korean and Japanese Parliamentarians at a convening to discuss Coalition 3+3 on 12 May 2023

2. UNFOLD ZERO
   WFM and seven other international NGOs have established UNFOLD ZERO as a platform for promoting UN initiatives for multilateral nuclear disarmament. The platform also advances common security as the most effective alternative to nuclear deterrence for meeting States’ international security needs. UNFOLD ZERO hosts the Common Security Depot, a resource on common security mechanisms, reports, events and perspectives.

3. Move the Nuclear Weapons Money
   WFM established the Move the Nuclear Weapons Money project with seven other NGOs in order to curtail the power of the nuclear weapons industry and to shift nuclear weapons’ budgets and investments to support peace, climate protection and the achievement of the sustainable development goals.
In 2014, WFM and the United Nations Association of the UK established and coordinated a network of over 750 civil society organisations under the title 1 for 7 Billion campaign, which called for UN member states to implement a more open and inclusive process for the selection and appointment of the UNSGs. The campaign succeeded in moving the UN General Assembly to make the selection process transparent and interactive for the first time ever. WFM is consulting with partners on plans to relaunch this campaign as 1 for 8 Billion ahead of the selection of the next UNSG in 2026.

WFM is a co-founder and core member of the Campaign for a United Nations Parliamentary Assembly. Such an assembly would give elected citizen representatives a direct and influential role in global policy."
Our Planet Earth is in an environmental crisis. Relying on the goodwill of nation states to implement environmental protection is ineffective and insufficient. Better global governance of the environment is required. Our current projects that seek to achieve this include:

1. **Earth Trusteeship Initiative**
   Earth Trusteeship is a political, legal and social relationship with nature and the earth based on non-ownership. Earth Trusteeship involves legal protection and management (governance) of territories and eco-systems to ensure sustainability for current and future generations. The initiative is established in cooperation with the World Future Council, Right Livelihood College Bangkok and New Zealand Center for Environmental Law.

2. **Global Environmental Council**
   WFM advocates for the establishment of a global environmental council. This could be done through the UN Secretary General’s proposal to re-purposing of the UN Trusteeship Council to provide governance for the global commons and/or a UN General Assembly established council similar to the UN Human Rights Council.

3. **Mobilising an Earth Governance Alliance (MEGA)**
   WFM is working with the Climate Governance Commission to establish a global alliance on environmental governance. The alliance will be guided by the recommendations arising from Governing our Climate Future (the report of the Commission) plus the Reflections on Earth Trusteeship book and other relevant reports on environmental governance.

4. **International Court of Justice and Environmental Protection**
   The International Court of Justice is an important governance body available to ensure legal protection of the environment through the application of treaty-based and customary law. WFM highlights case history of the ICJ on environmental issues and advocates for greater use of the ICJ for environmental cases.

5. **UN Summit of the Future**
   The UN Summit of the Future, which will take place in September 2024, provides a special opportunity for the UN to establish global environmental governance mechanisms. WFM is engaging in the preparatory process for the Summit in order to build like-minded government support for specific proposals. The Summit is likely to limit its decisions to proposals that do not require UN Charter reform. However, it might set in motion a follow-up UN Charter Article 109 conference to consider Charter reforms to further strengthen global governance.
Global governance should work in harmony with regional and local governance according to the principle of subsidiarity. Our regional governance projects work to deliver impact in the areas of transnational organized crime, women's leadership and political participation and democracy. These projects include:

**01 Campaign for a Latin American and Carribean Criminal Court against Transnational Crime (COPLA)**

In 2013, WFM co-founded a project to create a Latin American and Caribbean Criminal Court against Transnational Organized Crime (COPLA) in response to criminal organizations that have overflowed national borders and reached a regional scale. The Court it seeks to establish would be a complementary and subsidiary institution to the existing justice systems.

**02 Women's leadership and political participation**

This project will follow up on Nigeria, Botswana and Ghana's commitments to the Beijing Declaration, and Platform for Action, as it approaches its 30th year. It works to meet target 5.5 of SDG 5 by 'ensuring women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life) as well as indicator 5.5.1, (i.e. increasing the proportion of seats held by women in (a) national parliaments and (b) local governments). FEMNET and GENCED Ghana are project partners.

**03 Ballots not Bullets**

This project works to reduce youth participation in election related violence in Ghana, Kenya and Uganda, and to involve them in the promotion of institutions for free and fair elections, with a view to strengthening SDG 16 on Promoting peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, as well as UNSC Resolution 2250. Amani Communities Africa (Kenya), Justice Access Point (Uganda) and Community Focus Foundation, Ghana are project partners.